TIA Clinic Referral



Patio	ent Details			Referrer	Referrer Details				
Name DOB:					Referral Source:				
NHS Number: Hospital No:					Name and	Name and Position:			
Addre	Address:					Address:			
Postcode: Contact Phone No:					Contact nu	Contact number:			
Date and Time of Referral:			Date and Sympton	-	ne of Onset	of	Symptom Duration:		
Clin	ical Presentation	(please t	ick all bo	oxes	that apply):	•			
□R							OSIS FUGAX (monocular visual loss only)		
□R	□ L ARM	WEAKNE			R □L I	R □ L HOMONYMOUS HEMIANOPIA			
□R	□ L LEG				☐ R ☐ L ARM/LEG INCOORDINATION				
□R						ATAXIC STANCE / GAIT			
□R			NUMBNESS / PINS		□ DYSARTHRIA				
		AND NEE	DLES		EXPRESSIVE / RECEPTIVE DYSPHASIA				
-			se tick relevant box)						
	description of symp	toms and	Curre		dications:		Past Medical History:		
exam	ination findings:		(our an	<i>3071</i>	rument to referral)		(can attach document to referral)		
Clinical information to assist TIA Clinic Referral Process for the Referring Clinician									
	Information	on	Yes	No		If a	any NO – what to do		
1	Complete resolution of the sign and symptoms		ns 🔲		persisting, p	The resolution is essential to define a TIA. If neurology is persisting, please dial 999 or arrange for urgent A&E/medical assessment as appropriate, as this may be an acute stroke.			
2	Sudden onset of syn			standing ons	Vascular events are sudden at onset. If gradual or long- standing onset, this is unlikely to be TIA. Please reconsider your referral.				
3	Loss of function or symptoms			e.g., heighte	E.g., weakness, numbness rather than positive symptoms e.g., heightened sensation as a result of a seizure or migraine – please consider referring to neurology.				
4	Focal e.g., unilateral numbness rather that or global			Generalised	Generalised or global symptoms are not usually TIA.				
Yes, to all of these questions would mean that the referral is appropriate for TIA Clinic.									

	Information	Yes	No	If any YES – what to do			
1	Period of reduced consciousness or blackout			TIA is unlikely to present with collapse. Please consider referring to syncope clinic / Cardiology / Older Adult Medicine			
2	Feeling faint, pale face or near collapse			Please consider referring to syncope clinic / Cardiology / Older Adult Medicine			
3	Acute confusion state (delirium) with or without a background of dementia			Please consider referring to Older Adult Medicine or Acute Medical Services			
4	Recurrent stereotypical symptoms			Please consider alternative diagnosis (e.g., seizures or migraine)			
5	Associated headache or other migraine like features			Please consider referring to Neurology			
Yes, to any of the above questions, please consider referral to other services							
Provided all symptoms have resolved and you feel patient has had a TIA, start aspirin 300mg OD and give first dose (if genuine aspirin allergy give clopidogrel 300mg stat and 75mg once daily prescription until reviewed in TIA clinic). If either of the following apply: On-going symptoms On Anticoagulation i.e. Warfarin / Heparin / DOAC Patient needs urgent assessment – please send to ED.							
Patient Advice							
Have you told the Patient? They must not drive until further notice FAST Information If the patient experiences any further event they should phone 999 or go immediately to ED Any witness to the event, should accompany the patient to hospital or clinic, if possible To take medication list to clinic							
Please note: This referral will be triaged by the Stroke team and may be returned/redirected if necessary. Please do not use this form to refer patients for non-urgent stroke review or follow up.							

Once referral is complete, please ensure that this is emailed to TIA clinic at: rwh-tr.stroke.spoa@nhs.net